

# Thursday 16 May 2019 – Afternoon

## **AS Level Further Mathematics A**

**Y534/01** Discrete Mathematics

### Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes



#### You must have:

- Printed Answer Booklet
- Formulae AS Further Mathematics A

You may use:

• a scientific or graphical calculator

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Booklet. If additional space is required, use the lined page(s) at the end of the Printed Answer Booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question.
- The acceleration due to gravity is denoted by  $gm s^{-2}$ . Unless otherwise instructed, when a numerical value is needed, use g = 9.8.

#### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **60**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The Printed Answer Booklet consists of 12 pages. The Question Paper consists of 8 pages.

#### Answer all the questions.

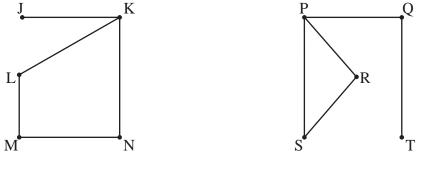
1 Alfie has a set of 15 cards numbered consecutively from 1 to 15. He chooses two of the cards.

(a) How many different sets of two cards are possible?	[2]
Alfie places the two cards side by side to form a number with 2, 3	or 4 digits.
(b) Explain why there are fewer than ${}^{15}P_2 = 210$ possible number	rs that can be made. [1]
(c) Explain why, with these cards, 1 is the lead digit more often the	nan any other digit. [1]

Alfie makes the number 113, which is a 3-digit prime number.

Alfie says that the problem of working out how many 3-digit prime numbers can be made using two of the cards is a construction problem, because he is trying to find all of them.

- (d) Explain why Alfie is wrong to say this is a construction problem. [1]
- 2 Two graphs are shown below.



Graph G1



(a) List the vertex degrees for each graph. [3]
(b) Prove that the graphs are non-isomorphic. [2]

The two graphs are joined together by adding an arc connecting J and T.

(c) (i) Explain how you know that the resulting graph is not Eulerian. [1]

(ii) Describe how the graph can be made Eulerian by adding one more arc. [1]

The vertices of the graph  $K_3$  are connected to the vertices of the graph  $K_4$  to form the graph  $K_7$ .

(d) Explain why 12 arcs are needed connecting  $K_3$  to  $K_4$ . [3]

3 (a) Give an example of a standard sorting algorithm that can be used when some of the values are not known until after the sorting has been started. [1]

Becky needs to sort a list of numbers into increasing order. She uses the following algorithm:

STEP 1:	Let $L$ be the first value in the input list. Write this as the first value in the output list and delete it from the input list.					
STEP 2:	If the input list is empty go to STEP 7. Otherwise let <i>N</i> be the new first value in the input list and delete this value from the input list.					
STEP 3:	Compare N with L.					
STEP 4:	<ul> <li>If N is less than or equal to L</li> <li>write the value of N immediately before L in the output list,</li> <li>replace L with the first value in the new output list,</li> <li>then go to STEP 2.</li> </ul>					
STEP 5:	<ul> <li>If N is greater than L</li> <li>if L is the value of the last number in the output list, go to STEP 6;</li> <li>otherwise, replace L with the next value in the output list and then go to STEP 3.</li> </ul>					

- STEP 6:Write the value of N immediately after L in the output list.Let L be the first value in the new output list and then go to STEP 2.
- STEP 7: Print the output list and STOP.
- (b) Trace through Becky's algorithm when the input list is

6 9 5 7 6 4

Complete the table in the Printed Answer Booklet, starting a new row each time that STEP 3 or STEP 7 is used.

You should not need all the lines in the Answer Booklet.

Becky measures the efficiency of her sort by counting using the number of times that STEP 3 is used.

- (c) (i) How many times did Becky use STEP 3 in sorting the list from part (b)? [1]
  - (ii) What is the greatest number of times that STEP 3 could be used in sorting a list of 6 values?

A computer takes 15 seconds to sort a list of 60 numbers using Becky's algorithm.

(d) Approximately how long would you expect it to take the computer to sort a list of 300 numbers using the algorithm? [3]

[5]

4 The table shows the activities involved in a project, their durations in hours and their immediate predecessors. The activities can be represented as an activity network.

Activity	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Duration	2	4	5	4	3	3	2	4
Immediate predecessors	-	А	_	A, C	B, C	B, D	D, E	F, G

- (a) Use standard algorithms to find the activities that form
  - the longest path(s)
  - the shortest path(s)

through the activity network.

You must show working to demonstrate the use of the algorithms. [8]

Only one of the paths from part (a) has a practical interpretation.

(b) What is the practical interpretation of the total weight of that path? [1]

The duration of activity E can be changed. No other durations change.

- (c) What is the smallest increase to the duration of E that will make activity E become part of a longest path through the network? [1]
- 5 Corey is training for a race that starts in 18 hours time. He splits his training between gym work, running and swimming.
  - At most 8 hours can be spent on gym work.
  - At least 4 hours must be spent running.
  - The total time spent on gym work and swimming must not exceed the time spent running.

Corey thinks that time spent on gym work is worth 3 times the same time spent running or 2 times the same time spent swimming. Corey wants to maximise the worth of the training using this model.

(a) Formulate a linear programming problem to represent Corey's problem.Your formulation must include defining the variables that you are using. [5]

Suppose that Corey spends the maximum of 8 hours on gym work.

- (b) (i) Use a graphical method to determine how long Corey should spend running and how long he should spend swimming. [5]
  - (ii) Describe why this solution is not practical. [1]
  - (iii) Describe how Corey could refine the LP model to make the solution more realistic. [1]

6 Drew and Emma play a game in which they each choose a strategy and then use the tables below to determine the pay-off that each receives.

Drew's pay-off		Emma			Emma's	Emma			
		X	Y	Ζ			Х	Y	Ζ
	Р	3	14	11		Р	13	2 12	5
Drew	Q	12	4	7	Drew				
	R	11	4	6		R	5	12	10

(a) Convert the game into a zero-sum game, giving the pay-off matrix for Drew.	[2]
(b) Determine the optimal mixed strategy for Drew.	[5]
(c) Determine the optimal mixed strategy for Emma.	[5]

## END OF QUESTION PAPER

## **BLANK PAGE**

## **BLANK PAGE**



#### Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

8

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact The OCR Copyright Team, The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8EA.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.